## **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804

Owner of the Declaration Verband der Deutschen Holzwerkstoffindustrie e.V. (VHI

Programme holder Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Publisher Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Declaration number EPD-VHI-20150033-CBE1-EN

Issue date 30.07.2015

Valid to 29.07.2020

### WPC decking profiles

## Verband der Deutschen Holzwerkstoffindustrie e.V. (VHI)

Association of the German Wood-based Panel

Industry







#### **General Information**

## Verband der Deutschen Holzwerkstoffindustrie e.V.

#### Programme holder

IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Panoramastr. 1

10178 Berlin

Germany

#### **Declaration number**

EPD-VHI-20150033-CBE1-EN

## This Declaration is based on the Product Category Rules:

Patio coverings made from wood polymer composites (WPC), 07.2014

(PCR tested and approved by the SVR)

#### Issue date

30.07.2015

#### Valid to

29.07.2020



Prof. Dr.-Ing. Horst J. Bossenmayer (President of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

Dr. Burkhart Lehmann (Managing Director IBU)

#### WPC decking profiles

#### **Owner of the Declaration**

Verband der Deutschen Holzwerkstoffindustrie e.V. Ursulum 18 35396 Gießen

#### **Declared product / Declared unit**

1 m<sup>2</sup> decking profile made of WPC

#### Scope:

This EPD is an Association EPD. The weighted average from the manufacturer's specifications of six member companies was taken as the data basis for the decking profile made of wood-polymer composite (WPC). For the list of members, please refer to the Association's websites.

The companies supplying the data represent a share of 80 % of German production.

The scope of the EPD covers all decking profiles made of wood-polymer materials, since the various types of plastic were taken into account in accordance with their shares. This document is translated from the German Environmental Product Declaration into English. It is based on the German original version EPD-

VHI20150033-CBE1-DE. The verifier has no influence on the quality of the translation. The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

#### Verification

The CEN Norm /EN 15804/ serves as the core PCR

Independent verification of the declaration according to /ISO 14025/

internally

x externally

Il Den

Dr. Frank Werner (Independent verifier appointed by SVR)

#### **Product**

#### **Product description**

The declared products are wood-polymer decking profiles specially suitable for outdoor use. The plastics matrix can consist either of polyethylene (PE), polypropylene (PP) or polyvinylchloride (PVC).

This EPD does not refer to a specific product of one manufacturer, but declares the average environmental quality for all WPC decking profiles produced by member companies of the VHI. The information represents 80 % of the German market. Detailed data can be obtained from the product description of the manufacturer in question.

#### **Application**

WPC decking profiles in accordance with DIN EN 15534:2014, Parts 1 - 4 are used as flooring and can only be used as non-load-bearing structural elements (no general building inspection approval required).

The products pose no risk to health and are technically safe.

#### **Technical Data**

The technical construction data listed in the following apply to all WPC decking profiles made by the manufacturers involved.

#### **Technical construction data**

roommour comotraction data										
Name	Value	Unit								
Density in accordance with EN ISO 1183-3	1100 - 1420	kg/m³								
Grammage	13 - 26	kg/m²								
Moisture content in accordance with ISO 16979	1 - 5	M%								
length density of the profiles in accordance with DIN EN 15534-1:2014	2000 - 5000	g/m								
Dimensions (thickness, length	21-38/	mm								



HOLZWERKSTOFFINDUSTRIE E.V.			
and width of the profiles in accordance with DIN EN 15534-	3000-6000/ 138-196		
1:2014) Deviation from straigthness in accordance with DIN EN 15534-1	0 - 1	mm	
Curvature in accordance with DIN EN 15534-1	0 - 0.8	mm	
Flexural properties Bending properties in accordance with EN 310:1993 - Elasticity modulus	<6200	MPa	
Flexural properties Bending properties in accordance with EN 310:1993 - Bending strength	<55	MPa	
Impact resistance in accordance with EN 477 - Crack length	0 - 10	mm	
Impact resistance in accordance with EN 477 - Impression depth	0 - 0.5	mm	
Linear thermal expansion coefficient in accordance with ISO 11359-2	<4E-05	K <sup>-1</sup>	
Swelling in accordance with EN 317 (length, width, thickness)	0,1-1,42/ 0,2-1,2/ 1,26-4,5	%	
Behavior in weathering tests in accordance with EN ISO 4892- 2:2013	<10	-	
Dimensional stability at high temperatures in accordance with EN ISO 75-1 and EN ISO 75-2	78 - 100	°C	
Impact bending toughness in accordance with EN ISO 179- 1/1fU	5 - 8	kJ/m²	
Swelling after boiling water storage in accordance with DIN EN 15534-1:2014 - Water absorption	1.3 - 8	%	
creep behavior in accordance with DIN EN 15534-1:2014 - Deformation	0.9 - 5	mm	
creep behavior in accordance with DIN EN 15534-1:2014 - Creep factor	<1,3	mm	
Behavior on value Fluctuating in accordance with EN 321:2001 - Breaking load drop	<20	%	
Water absorption in accordance with EN 317	2-9	%	
skid resistance in accordance with EN 15534-1:2014 a) Dynamic coefficient of friction in accordance with EN 13893	>0,43	-	
skid resistance in accordance with EN 15534-1:2014 b) Slip resistance class in accordance	С	-	

with DIN 51097	

#### Base materials / Ancillary materials

The average WPC decking profile consists mainly of the following base materials:

Material	Description	Share in M-%		
Wood fibres	Industrial waste wood of spruce and pine	63		
Plastics matrix	Polyethylene (PE) Polypropylene (PP) Polyvinylchloride (PVC)	29		
Additives	adhesives, internal lubricants, pigments, filling materials, dispersing agent	8		

The plastic or plastic compound integrated in the product must consist of 100 % new material, or of pure plastic which has accumulated as waste material once in the course of industrial production. Recycled material that is pure and free of harmful substances may also be used.

In order to obtain the appearance of natural wood, organic pigments and UV stabilisers are also added during production.

The share of wood in the product must be at least 50 per cent by weight (dry), and must come from verifiably sustainable forestry (FSC or PEFC certificate). Natural waste wood (waste wood category Al in accordance with the Waste Wood Ordinance) may be used, but waste wood of the categories All to AlV may not be used. Other natural fibres may be components of the product.

In order to save raw materials and to prevent emissions, ground material which comes from profiles of the company's own system and which was taken back from the market may be added again.

#### Reference service life

No reference service life is declared; according to manufacturers' specifications, a service life (SL) of 30 years can be expected for average use.

The technical service life of individual components is not exceeded here either, and so replacement does not need to be taken into account during the service life

#### LCA: Calculation rules

#### **Declared Unit**

The declared unit is defined as follows:

1 m² of installed WPC decking profiles, with the dimensions 3,000 - 6,000 mm/138 - 196 mm/21 - 38 mm and a surface weight of 18.36 kg/m², over a service life of 30 years.

The composition of the WPC decking profiles results from the weighted average, depending on the production volume of the manufacturers involved.

#### Details on declared unit

2014 01. 400.4									
Name	Value	Unit							
Density	1238	kg/m³							
Profile type	44 % solid profile and 56 % hollow-chamber profile	1							
Conversion factor to 1 kg unit m <sup>2</sup>	0.05448	-							
Declared unit	1	m <sup>2</sup>							



#### **System boundary**

Type of EPD: cradle-to-gate, with options In accordance with EN 15804 the following modules are used:

#### Module A1-3

The aggregated representation in the form of A1-3 is used for production. This includes the supply of raw materials, the production of the WPC decking profiles, all transportation to the manufacturer, the required energy consumption and resources, as well as all production waste that may accrue.

#### Module A4

Transportation of the product from the manufacturer to the construction site

#### Module B2

Maintenance of the WPC decking profiles during the utilisation phase: cleaning of the WPC decking profiles **Module C2** 

Transportation of the scrapped product to the recycling yard or to the manufacturer

#### Module C3

Waste treatment, such as thermal or material utilisation:

On account of the selected system boundaries (definition of the *end-of-waste* status), no disposal (Module C4) of the WPC decking profiles takes place. This means that only the export of the properties inherent in the material is included in the balance.

#### Module D

Credits and debits outside the system under review, through thermal and material utilisation

#### Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to /EN 15804/ and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

# LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following technical information forms the basis for the declared modules or can be used for developing specific scenarios within the context of a building appraisal if modules are not declared (MND).

#### Transport to construction site (A4)

Transport to construction one	(, , , ,	
Name	Value	Unit
Litres of fuel per kg of goods transported	0.00142	l/100km
Transport distance	500	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	85	%
Gross density of products transported	1238	kg/m³

#### Construction installation process (A5)

Composition of the packaging waste to be disposed of:

composition of the packaging waste to be disposed to							
Name	Value	Unit					
Squared timber	15	%					
Polyethylene foil	55	%					
Polyester strapping	2	%					
Grey board	20	%					
Hardboard	8	%					

#### Maintenance (B2)

Name	Value	Unit
Information on maintenance cleaning frequency in m²/a	0.149	-
Water consumption	0.089	m³
Auxiliary material cleaning agent	0.01	kg
Maintenance cycle in m²/SL	4.47	number/S L

#### End of life (C1-C4)

According to information from manufacturers, it can be assumed that 70 % of WPC products are subject to material recycling and 30 % thermal recycling. Material and thermal recycling is declared in 100 % scenarios. The average transportation distance between the consumer and the waste disposal facility is 250 km.

## Re-Use, recovery and recycling potential (D), relevant scenario information

The energy (electrical and thermal) or the created recycling material resulting from the thermal and material recycling of the waste is credited here. The efficiency of the waste recycling facilities is 66 % for German facilities and 69 % for European facilities. The data records used are based on German and European recycling facilities. The data records for electricity and heat are "DE:power mix" (production mix) and "DE: process steam" from natural gas 85 %, from GaBi 6.4.



#### LCA: Results

ADPE

[kg Sb-Eq.]

[MJ]

1.40E-4

4.90E+2

DESC	RIPT	ON O	F THE	SYS	ГЕМ В	OUND	ARY (	X = IN	CLUD	ED IN	LCA;	MND =	MOD	ULE N	OT DE	CLARED)
PROI	DUCT S	TAGE	CONST ON PR	OCESS		USE STAGE						END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	Х	Х	Х	MND	MND	Х	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	Х	Х	MND	X
RESU	JLTS (	OF TH	IE LCA	4 - EN	VIRON	IMENT	TAL IM	PAC	Γ: 1 m²	WPC	deckir	ig prof	ile			
Param eter	Uı	nit	A1-	A3	A4		B2				C3/2		D/1	D/2		
GWP	[kg CC		2.53		5.55E		2.25E-1		2.71E-		2.11E+1		2.11E+1		.87E+0	-6.89E+0
ODP	[kg CFC		9.56			6.69E-13 4.46E-12			3.26E-1		0.00E+0		0.00E+0	_	23E-8	2.18E-9
AP	[kg SC		4.39		2.37E		5.43E		1.15E-3		0.00E+0				.97E-2	-2.03E-2
EP	[kg (PO		5.49		6.48E		8.83E		3.15E-4		0.00E+0		0.00E+0	-2.64E-3		-2.29E-3
POCP	[kg ethe	ne-⊨q.j	7.82	.E-3	-8.14	<del>-4</del>	5.35E	-5	-3.96E-	4	0.00E+0 0.00E+0		0.00E+0 -2.63E-3		-5.58E-3	

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

1.36E-8

3.60E+0

0.00E+0

0.00E+0

0.00E+0

0.00E+0

-4.03E-6

-3.42E+2

-1.23E-4

-3.31E+2

1.05E-6

6.28E+0

#### RESULTS OF THE LCA - RESOURCE USE: 1 m<sup>2</sup> WPC decking profile

2.80E-8

7.40E+0

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	B2	C2	C3/1	C3/2	D/1	D/2
PERE	[MJ]	2.90E+0	5.66E-1	2.54E-1	2.76E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-6.58E+1	-3.77E+0
PERM	[MJ]	1.99E+2	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-2.20E+2
PERT	[MJ]	2.02E+2	5.66E-1	2.54E-1	2.76E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-6.58E+1	-2.23E+2
PENRE	[MJ]	2.48E+2	7.42E+0	3.61E+0	3.61E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-3.16E+2	-1.94E+1
PENRM	[MJ]	2.87E+2	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-2.78E+2
PENRT	[MJ]	5.35E+2	7.42E+0	3.61E+0	3.61E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-3.16E+2	-2.97E+2
SM	[kg]	0.00E+0	1.74E+1						
RSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.96E+2	9.80E+0
NRSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.72E+2	1.36E+2
FW	[m³]	8.96E+1	3.27E-1	1.59E-1	1.59E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.90E+1	-3.41E+1

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

## RESULTS OF THE LCA – OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES: 1 m² WPC decking profile

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	B2	C2	C3/1	C3/2	D/1	D/2
HWD	[kg]	2.13E-4	5.98E-6	1.46E-6	2.91E-6	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-1.35E-4	-5.55E-5
NHWD	[kg]	3.56E-1	1.85E-3	1.58E-3	9.02E-4	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-5.50E-2	-2.37E-1
RWD	[kg]	1.77E-2	9.87E-6	8.67E-5	4.80E-6	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-1.22E-2	-1.16E-3
CRU	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0						
MFR	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.74E+1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MER	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.84E+1	9.20E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0						
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0						

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EEE = Exported thermal energy

GWP: Share of biogenic CO<sub>2</sub> A1-3: -21,08 kg CO<sub>2</sub>-equiv., C3: 21,08 kg CO<sub>2</sub>-equiv.



#### References

#### **Institut Bauen und Umwelt**

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin(pub.): Generation of Environmental Product Declarations (EPDs):

#### **General principles**

for the EPD range of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU), 2013/04 www.bau-umwelt.de

#### ISO 14025

DIN EN ISO 14025:2011-10: Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

#### EN 15804

EN 15804:2012-04+A1 2013: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

#### PCR patio coverings

Product Category Rules for Construction Products, Part B: Requirements to be met by the EPD for patio coverings made of wood-based materials (WPC), 2014

#### **Waste Wood Ordinance**

Ordinance governing the requirements on utilisation and disposal of waste wood (AltholzV), 2012

#### **DIN EN 13501-1**

Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests, German version EN 13501-1:2007+A1:2009

#### **DIN EN 13501-5**

Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 5: Classification using data from external fire exposure to roofs tests; German version EN 13501-5:2005+A1:2009

#### **DIN EN 15534-1**

Composites made from cellulose-based materials and thermoplastics (usually called wood-polymer composites (WPC) or natural fibre composites (NFC)) - Part 1: Test methods for characterisation of compounds and products; German version EN 15534-1:2014

#### **DIN EN 15534-4**

Composites made from cellulose-based materials and thermoplastics (usually called wood-polymer composites (WPC) or natural fibre composites (NFC)) - Part 4: Specifications for decking profiles and tiles; German version EN 15534-4:2014

#### **DIN EN 15534-5**

Composites made from cellulose-based materials and thermoplastics (usually called wood-polymer composites (WPC) or natural fibre composites (NFC)) - Part 5: Specifications for cladding profiles and tiles;

German version EN 15534-5:2014

#### **DIN EN ISO 9001**

Quality management systems - Success through quality; German version EN 9001:2008

#### EN ISO 11925-2

Reaction to fire tests - Ignitability of products subjected to direct impingement of flame - Part 2: Single-flame source test (ISO 11925-2:2010); German version EN ISO 11925-2:2010

#### **EN ISO 1183-3**

Plastics - Methods for determining the density of noncellular plastics - Part 3: Gas pyknometer method (ISO 1183-3:1999); German version EN ISO 1183-3:1999

#### ISO 16979

Wood-based panels - Determination of moisture content, ISO 16979:2003-05

#### EN 310:1993

Wood-based panels; determination of modulus of elasticity in bending and of bending strength; German version EN 310:1993

#### EN 477

Unplasticised polyvinylchloride (PVC-U) profiles for the fabrication of windows and doors - Determination of the resistance to impact of main profiles by falling mass; German version EN 477:1995

#### ISO 11359-2

Plastics - Thermomechanical analysis (TMA) - Part 2: Determination of coefficient of linear thermal expansion and glass transition temperature, ISO 11359-2:1999-10

#### EN 317

Particleboards and fibreboards; determination of swelling in thickness after immersion in water; German version EN 317:1993

#### EN ISO 4892-2:2013

Plastics - Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources - Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps

#### **EN ISO 75-1**

Plastics - Determination of temperature of deflection under load - Part 1: General test method (ISO 75-1:2013); German version EN ISO 75-1:2013

#### **EN ISO 75-2**

Plastics - Determination of temperature of deflection under load - Part 2: Plastics and ebonite (ISO 75-2:2013); German version EN ISO 75-2:2013

#### EN ISO 179-1/1fU

Plastics - Determination of Charpy impact properties -Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test (ISO 179-1:2010); German version EN ISO 179-1:2010



#### EN 321:2001

Wood-based panels - Determination of moisture resistance under cyclic test conditions; German version EN 321:2001

#### **DIN 51097**

Testing of floor coverings; determination of the anti-slip properties; wet-loaded barefoot areas; walking method; ramp test, DIN 51097:1992-11

#### **European Waste Classification**

Ordinance governing the European Waste Classification (Waste Classification Ordinance, AVV), 2001

#### GaBi 6.4

Software-System and Databases for Life Cycle Engineering, PE International AG, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 1992-2015, with special acknowledgement to LBP, University of Stuttgart

#### ÖKOBAU.DAT

Ökobau.dat 2014, Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, Building and Nuclear Safety

#### **FSC**

Forest Stewardship Council, Germany

#### PEFC

Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification Schemes, Germany





#### Publisher

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**ENGROS**